MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



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TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NON-TRANSPORTATION OLYMPIC/BAYER EMERGENCY PHONE ... 800-414-0244 OLYMPIC INFORMATION PHONE 800-659-6745

DECATHLON[™] 20 WP GREENHOUSE AND NURSERY INSECTICIDE

EPA Registration Number: 3125-43 -598 7

1.	PRODUCT NAME
	Nursery Insecticide CHEMICAL FAMILY
	CHEMICAL NAME Cyano (4-fluoro-3-phenoxyphenyl)
	methyl 3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxy- late
	SYNONYMS Cyfluthrin
	FORMULA
п.	HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:
	INGREDIENT NAME /CAS NUMBER EXPOSUBE LIMITS CONCENTRATION(%)
	DECATHLON (cyfluthrin)
	68359-37-5 OSHA : Not Established 20%
	Ingredient 1968
	Specific chemical identity is withheld as a trade secret.
	ACGIH : Not Established
	Total Crystalline Silica (quartz)
	ACGIH: 100 mg/m3 TWA (respirable) <1-7%
	PHYSICAL PROPERTIES: PHYSICAL FORM
	COLOR Tan
	ODOR
	MOLECLUAR WEIGHT: 434.3 (for cyfluthrin)
	PH
	MELTING/FREEZING POINT: Not applicable
	SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 2 ppb (for cyfluthrin)
	BULK DENSITY Approximately 30 lb/cu ft
	% VOLATILE BY VOLUME: Not established
	cyfluthrin)
	VAPOR DENSITY Not established (Air = 1)
IV.	FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA:
	FLASH POINT
	UPPER EXPLOSIVE
	LIMIT (UEL) (%) Not applicable
	LIMIT (LEL) (%) Not applicable
	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water; Dry Chemical
	PROCEDURES If involved in fire, wear self con-
	tained breathing apparatus and stay up-wind.
v.	HUMAN HEALTH DATA
	ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY : Dermal contact and inhalation of
	ing spray application of the product as part of its end use is anoth-
	er potential route of entry.
	ACUTE EFFECTS OF
	EXPOSURE
	posure are known to occur in humans. Mild eve or skin irritation
	such as itching, stinging, redness or rash may occur from contact
	with the powder or spray mixture. Paresthesia (a tingling or burn- ing sensation on the surface of the skin) may also result from skin
	contact. This is a frequently reported symptom associated with suf-
	ticient dermal exposure to synthetic pyrethroids and normally sub-
	toms usually occurs 2-12 hours after exposure. Mucous membrane
	irritation involving the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract may
	as spray application.
	CHRONIC EFFECTS OF
	EAFUGURE Based on animal studies, noadverse

effects or symptoms would be expected from chronic exposure to the active ingredient in this product during normal use. This product may contain an amount of total crystalline silica which ranges from less than 1% to approximately 7%. However, the amount of respirable crystalline silica is expected to be significantly lower based on data provided by the raw material manufacturer. Excessive longterm exposure to respirable crystalline silica may cause silicosis, a form of progressive pulmonary fibrosis. Severe and permanent lung damage may result.

RCINOGENICITY: DECATHLON 20 WP is not listed as a carcinogen by NTP or IARC, or regulated as a carcinogen by OSHA. However, it may contain crystalline silica (quartz), a sub-stance which is classified by NTP as a Group 2 carcinogen and by IARC as a Group 2A carcinogen. Crystalline silica is a naturally occurring mineral component of many sands and clays. CARCINOGENICITY . Considerable controversy exists regarding the carcinogenic potential of crystalline silica in humans, but based on animal data, the potential must be considered relevant if crystalline silica is inhaled under excessive exposure conditions. However, the respirable portion of the silica which may be contained in this product is small, such that excessive inhalation exposure during normal conditions of use is unlikely.

NTP: Crystalline silica is classified as an NTP Anticipated Human Carcinogen - "Substances or groups of

IARC for Crystalline Silica (Quartz) - determined that "There is sufficient evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to experimental animals. There is limited evidence for the carcinogenicity of crystalline silica to humans.'

OSHA: Not regulated.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE : No specific medical conditions are known which may be aggravated by exposure to the active ingredient in this product. As with all materials which can cause upper respiratory tract irritation, persons with a history of asthma, emphysema, or hyperreactive airways disease may be more susceptible to overexposure. In addi-tion, pulmonary and respiratory diseases may be aggravated by exposure to respirable crystalline silica.

VI. EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

FIRST AID FOR EYES Hold eyelids open and flush with a

- sive exposures to dusts or aerosols of this material, remove to fresh
 - air or uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention as soon as possible
- FIRST AID FOR INGESTION . . .: If ingestion is suspected, call a physician or poison control center. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger, or if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. If syrup of ipecac is available, administer 1 tablespoonful (15 mL) of syrup of ipecac followed by 1 or 2 glasses of water. If vomiting does not occur within 20 minutes, repeat the dose once. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person
- ANTIDOTE No specific antidote is NOTE TO PHYSICIAN available. Treat victim symptomatically. Published data indicate Vitamin E acetate can prevent and/or mitigate symptoms of paresthesia caused by synthetic pyrethroids. In case of poisoning, it is also requested that Bayer Corporation, Agriculture Division, Kansas City, Missouri, be notified. Telephone: 800/414-0244

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS: EYE PROTECTION

REQUIREMNTS . ..: Goggles should be used when needed to prevent dust or spray mixture from getting into the eyes. SKIN PROTECTION

REQUIREMENTS

.: Avoid skin contact. Use chemicalresistant gloves and additional protective clothing when needed to prevent dermal exposure.

RESPIRATOR REQUIREMENTS : Under normal handling conditions, no respiratory protection is needed. However, if needed to prevent respiratory irritation, a respirator approved by NIOSH for dusts and mists or for pesticides may be used.

VENTILATION

REQUIREMENTS ...: Control airborne concentrations of DECATHLON 20 WP through the use of general and local exhaust ventilation where needed.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE

MEASURES. handling

VIII.REACTIVITY DATA:

LAUTITITI DATA.			
STABILITY	This is a stable mater	rial	
HAZARDOUS			
POLYMERIZATION	Will not occur		
INCOMPATIBILITIES	Alkaline media;	reacts	with
methanol; incompatible with me	ost disinfectants		
INSTABILITY CONDITIONS	Not noted		
DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS	Not established		

IX. SPILL AND LEAK PROCEDURES:

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

..: Isolate area. Avoid breathing dusts and skin contact. Use recommended protective equipment while carefully sweeping up and place in covered container for re-use if possible. Scrub contaminated area with soap and water. Repeat and rinse with water. Prevent contamination of streams, sewers, or other waterways.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD ..: Follow all federal, state and local regulations. Bury material in EPA-approved landfill, or burn in an incinerator approved for pesticide destruction. Do not reuse container.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS AND STORAGE DATA: X.

STORAGE TEMPERATORE				
(MIN/MAX)	None/30	day	average	not
exceed100 F				
SHELF LIFE	Not noted			

		1101010
SPECIAL SENSITIVITY	:	Heat, moisture
HANDLING/STORAGE		

PRECAUTIONS: Store in a cool, dry area designat-ed specifically for pesticides. Do not store near any material intended for use, or consumption by humans or animals.

XI. SHIPPING INFORMATION:

TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME . .: Cyfluthrin
 FREIGHT CLASS BULK
 Insecticides, NOI - NMFC 102120

 FREIGHT CLASS PACKAGE
 Insecticides, NOI - NMFC 102120
 PRODUCT LABEL Not noted

DOT (HM-181) (DOMESTIC SURFACE)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated HAZARD CLASS OR DIVISION .: Non-regulated

IMO/IMDG CODE (OCEAN)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME Not regulated HAZARD CLASS

DIVISION NUMBER Non-regulated

I	ICAO/IATA (AIR)		
PROPER SHIPPING NAME	:	Not regulated	
HAZARD CLASS		-	
DIVISION NUMBER	:	Non-regulated	

XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA:

Only acute studies have been performed on this product as formulated. The non-acute information pertains to the active ingredient, cyfluthrin.

ACUTÉ TOXICITY

ORAL LD50 Rat: 1733 mg/kg Male Rat: 3084 mg/kg - Female

DERMAL LD50 Male and Female Rabbit: >2000

 mg/kg

 INHALATION

 Female Rat: >1.18 mg/l (analytical) - 1 hr exposure to Dust: (extrapolated from 4 hr LC50): Male and Female Rat: >4.72 mg/l (analytical)

 EYE EFFECTS

 Conjuctiva was observed with all irritation resolving within 7 days.

meter for 6 hours/day, 5 days/week. The NOEL was 0.09 mg/cubic

ppm. At the high dose, there was an increase incidence of clinicalsigns and a reduction of body weight gains. The NOEL was 160 ppm. Preliminary data are available on an ongoing dog study. Dogs were administered cyfluthrin at dietary concentrations of 50, 100, 360 or 500 ppm for 1 year. Mid-term neurological examinations revealed hind-limb motor disturbances at dose levels of 360 ppm and greater.

- CARCINOGENICITY: Cyfluthrin was investigated for carcinogenicity in chronic studies using rats and mice at maximum levels of 450 and 800 ppm, respectively. There was no evidence of
- are negative.

DEVELOPMENTAL

TOXICITY: In teratology studies using rats, cyfluthrin was administered during gestation by oral gavage at doses ranging from 1 to 30 mg/kg. The overall NOEL from these studies for maternal toxicity was 3 mg/kg. No developmental effects were observed at any of the doses tested. In each study the NOEL for developmental toxicity was equivalent to the highest dose tested. The NOELs for developmental toxicity for the initial study and the subsequent study were 30 and 10 mg/kg, respectively. Rabbits were administered cyfluthrin during gestation by oral gavage at doses ranging from 5 to 180 mg/kg. At maternally toxic levels, there was an increased incidence of post-implantation

losses. The overall NOEL derived from these studies for both maternal and developmental toxicity was 20 mg/kg. In an inhalation study, rats were exposed during gestation to cyfluthrin at aerosol concen-trations of 0.46, 2.55 or 11.9 mg/m3 for 6 hours/day. NOELs for maternal and developmental toxicity were less than 0.46 and 0.46 mg/m3, respectively.

REPRODUCTION .: In a reproduction study, cyfluthrin was administered to rats for 3 generations at dietary concentrations of 50, 150 and 450 ppm. Reproductive effects observed at parental-ly toxic levels included reductions in viability, lactation, litter size, feed consumption, and pup birth weights and body weight gains. Coarse tremors were observed in some offspring at 450 ppm. The NOEL for both parental and reproductive effects was 50 ppm. In another reproduction study, cyfluthrin was administered to rats for 2 generations at dietary concentrations of 50, 125 or 400 ppm. The inlife portion of the study has been completed and preliminary results indicate a marginal decrease in viable pup weights from birth through day 7 at 50 ppm. This is the only effect noted in pups at the low dose and occurred only in the F2a generation. The biological relevance of this equivocal finding awaits full completion of the study.

to

NEUROTÓXICITY: Numerous neurotoxicity studies have been conducted on cyfluthrin. Oral gavage studies using hens have indicated that at extremely high dose levels (5000 mg/kg), minimal nerve damage occurs. When rats were administered cyfluthrin daily at oral doses of 40 to 80 mg/kg for 14 days, minimal nerve effects were seen. These effects were completely reversible within a 3-month recovery period. In dermal and inhalation studies which are more relevant to field exposure, there was no evidence of delaued neurostoricity in here. delayed neurotoxicity in hens.

XIII. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

OSHA STATUS This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA STATUS cide.

CERCLA REPORTABLE

QUANTITY No components listed.

SARA TITLE III:

- SECTION 302 EXTREMEMLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: No components listed.
- SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Immediate Health Hazard.
- SECTION 313
- TOXIC CHEMICALS: Cyfluthrin-CAS #68359-37-5 (20%) RCRA STATUS If discarded in its purchased form, this product would not be hazardous waste either by listing or by characteristic. However, under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)

XIV. OTHER REGULATORY INFORMATION:

NFPA 704M RATINGS: Health Flammability Reactivity Other 2 2 0=Insignificant 1=Slight 2=Moderate 3=High 4=Extreme

Olympic's method of hazard communication is comprised of Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets. NFPA ratings are provided by Olympic as a customer service.

XV. APPROVALS:

REASON FOR ISSUE: Revise Sections II, V, XII and XIII.

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